EONS Cancer Nursing Index 2020-2022©

National profile: Germany

Introduction

In the <u>RECaN project</u> EONS highlighted important differences in cancer nursing across Europe. The EONS Cancer Nursing Index (ECNI) was developed by the <u>EONS Advocacy Working Group</u> to illustrate the development and status of this profession in Europe. The index (with scores from 0-100) covers the following dimensions: Education and Career Development, Patient and Occupational Safety, Recognition, Working Conditions and Impact and Workforce statistics. The results from the ECNI 2020 have been used to highlight the importance and impact the recognition of European cancer nursing. More information on ECNI 2020 including national profiles for each county could be found <u>here</u>

The ECNI 2022 also include data on staffing levels and cancer nurses' experiences from the covid-19 pandemic. However, these data are not included in the national profiles since no comparison data from 2020 is available. These data will be presented separately.

The ECNI 2022 focuses more on the experiences from the responding cancer nurses' workplaces (rather than the national perspective), allowing for the great regional and local variety indicated in the ECNI 2020 data. The Index is based on data from the following sources:

- 1. EONS Survey on Patient and Occupational Safety (anonymous survey among cancer nurses, 2020 and 2022 respectively)
- 2. Work force statistics (obtained from ec.europe.eu/Eurostat and OECD in 2020). When the ECNI 2022 were completed, no updates had been published so both ECNI 2020 and 2022 include the same scores.

A scoring system was developed to reflect the level of development for the different Index dimensions/items. For items with a variety of responses from the same country, the most frequently reported response was used. The purpose of the Index is primarily not to rank some countries as better than others, moreover to illustrate cancer nursing profiles, differences and areas in need of development. The Index could be used to aid the development of cancer nursing in each country as well as for general European progress.

The ECNI offers a snapshot of the current status in cancer nursing across Europe, reported by the profession. The results largely depend on number of and profiles of responses from each country.

Dimension/item	Maximum score	Mean general score 2022 (min-max)	Score 2020	Score 2022	Comments
OVERALL SCORES	100	55 (19-84)	72	53	
EDUCATION AND CAREER DEVEOPMENT (5 items presented below)	23	10 (0-23)	7	8	
Specialist education on university level	5		2	2	
EONS Cancer Nursing Framework recognized and supported	5		0	0	
Master programs in cancer nursing	4		4	4	
Advanced cancer nursing roles established	5		1	2	
Professors in cancer nursing	4		0	0	
PATIENT AND OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY (8 items presented below)	36	20 (0-33)	36	16	
Safety guidelines (hazardous drugs) available	5		5		Various responses for 2022 To obtain the highest scores (5) for this item all responding nurses should have reported that guidelines are in place at all workplaces.
Guidelines during pregnancy (hazardous drugs)	5		5	2	Various responses for 2022 To obtain the highest scores (5) for this item all responding nurses should have reported that guidelines are in place at all workplaces.

Pregnant and /or breastfeeding women assigned	5		5	2	'Sometimes'
other tasks that don't involve direct contact with)		To obtain the highest scores (5)
cytotoxic/radioactive drugs					for this item all responding
cytotoxic/radioactive drugs					nurses should have reported
					that pregnant/breast feeding
					women are forbidden to perform
					task with risks for exposure to
					cytotoxic/radioactive drugs at all
Systematic testing for occupational exposure	3		3	1	workplaces. 'Rarely'
(surface swipes)			3		To receive highest possible
(surface swipes)					scores (3) for this item, all
					responding nurses should have
					reported that testing is
					systematically implemented at
					all workplaces.
Speak-up or whistle blower policy implemented for	3		3	2	all workplaces.
all members of staff			3		
Access to cytotoxic spillage kit and PPE	5		5	1	To obtain the highest scores (5)
Access to cytotoxic spinage kit and TTE					for this item all responding
					nurses should have reported
					that cytotoxic spillage kit and
					PPE are available at all
					workplaces.
Formal training before administering cytotoxic	5		5	2	Various responses for 2022
drugs					To obtain the highest score (5)
urugs					for this item, formal education
					should have been reported by all
					responding nurses to be
					obligatory before managing
					cytotoxic drugs at all workplaces.
Nurses not preparing cytotoxic drugs	5		5	4	Cytotomo arago acam mornipraces.
WORKING CONDITIONS AND THE IMPACT ON	20	14 (9-17)	17	14	
CANCER CARE (4 items presented below)					
Level of adherence to European Working Time	5		4	5	
Directive (EWTD)					
Risk of negative consequences if asking for	5		5		
alternative duties pregnancy/breast feeding					
To what extent hospital beds are closed due to			4		
cancer nursing shortages					
To what extent cancer treatments were delayed			4		
due to cancer nursing					
RECOGNITION (4 items presented below)	18	10 (0-15)	9	11	
Does the country have a cancer nursing society?	5		5	5	
Does the country have a national cancer plan that			3		
includes nursing care? Does your workplace/center have Board positions	5		1	4	
dedicated for cancer nursing?	5		1		
To what extent is nurse-led cancer care	5		0	2	
implemented in your workplace/center?	5				
WORK FORCE STATISTICS (1 item)	3	1 (0-3)	3	3	
Number of practicing nurses/1000 citizens	3	1 (0-3)	3	3	
(www.europe.eu/Eurostat and OECD)					
(MARKATOPELEA) Eurostat and OLED					

Strengths and recommendations for improvements

Overall, Germany total score was 53. Serbia and Greece also scored 53, and other countries with similar total score were Estonia (total score 55), Poland (total score 54) and Switzerland (total score 52).

Germany could improve their scores for Education and Career Development, if cancer nursing specialist training on university level was reported to be recognised on a national level and also if Germany had appointed professors in cancer nursing. Unfortunately, all responding German cancer nurses reported that they are not familiar with EONS Cancer Nursing Framework.

Comparing scores from ECNI2020 with results of ECNI2022, the biggest drop was reported in Patient and Occupational Safety, from maximum score of 36 to 13. On the positive side, Germany remains one of the few countries where no nurse reported any risk of negative consequences if asking for alternative duties during pregnancy/breast feeding.

Scores for Recognition improved, since cancer nurses are gradually invited to decision-making bodies in cancer centers and nurse-led cancer care was reported to be partly implemented.

EONS Advocacy Working Group, March 2024