EONS Cancer Nursing Index 2020-2022©

National profile: Spain

Introduction

In the <u>RECaN project</u> EONS highlighted important differences in cancer nursing across Europe. The EONS Cancer Nursing Index (ECNI) was developed by the <u>EONS Advocacy Working Group</u> to illustrate the development and status of this profession in Europe. The index (with scores from 0-100) covers the following dimensions: Education and Career Development, Patient and Occupational Safety, Recognition, Working Conditions and Impact and Workforce statistics. The results from the ECNI 2020 have been used to highlight the importance and impact the recognition of European cancer nursing. More information on ECNI 2020 including national profiles for each county could be found <u>here</u>

The ECNI 2022 also include data on staffing levels and cancer nurses' experiences from the covid-19 pandemic. However, these data are not included in the national profiles since no comparison data from 2020 is available. These data will be presented separately.

The ECNI 2022 focuses more on the experiences from the responding cancer nurses' workplaces (rather than the national perspective), allowing for the great regional and local variety indicated in the ECNI 2020 data. The Index is based on data from the following sources:

- 1. EONS Survey on Patient and Occupational Safety (anonymous survey among cancer nurses, 2020 and 2022 respectively)
- 2. Work force statistics (obtained from ec.europe.eu/Eurostat and OECD in 2020). When the ECNI 2022 were completed, no updates had been published so both ECNI 2020 and 2022 include the same scores.

A scoring system was developed to reflect the level of development for the different Index dimensions/items. For items with a variety of responses from the same country, the most frequently reported response was used. The purpose of the Index is primarily not to rank some countries as better than others, moreover to illustrate cancer nursing profiles, differences and areas in need of development. The Index could be used to aid the development of cancer nursing in each country as well as for general European progress.

The ECNI offers a snapshot of the current status in cancer nursing across Europe, reported by the profession. The results largely depend on number of and profiles of responses from each country.

Dimension/item	Maximum score	Mean general score 2022 (min-max)	Score 2020	Score 2022	Comments
OVERALL SCORES	100	55 (19-84)	45	48	
EDUCATION AND CAREER DEVEOPMENT (5 items presented below)	23	10 (0-23)	10	9	
Specialist education on university level	5		0	0	
EONS Cancer Nursing Framework recognized and supported	5		0	3	
Master programs in cancer nursing	4		4	4	
Advanced cancer nursing roles established	5		2	2	
Professors in cancer nursing	4		4	0	
PATIENT AND OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY (8 items presented below)	36	20 (0-33)	13	14	
Safety guidelines (hazardous drugs) available	- 7		5	2	Various responses for 2022 To obtain the highest scores (5) for this item all responding nurses should have reported that guidelines are in place at all workplaces.
Guidelines during pregnancy (hazardous drugs)	5		0	2	Various responses for 2022 To obtain the highest scores (5) for this item all responding nurses should have reported that guidelines are in place at all workplaces

Pregnant and /or breastfeeding women assigned	5		0	2	'Sometimes'
other tasks that don't involve direct contact with					To obtain the highest scores (5)
cytotoxic/radioactive drugs					for this item all responding
cytotoxic/radioactive drugs					nurses should have reported
					that pregnant/breast feeding
					women are forbidden to perform
					task with risks for exposure to
					cytotoxic/radioactive drugs at all
	_				workplaces.
Systematic testing for occupational exposure	3		0		
(surface swipes)					
Speak-up or whistle blower policy implemented for	3		2		
all members of staff					
Access to cytotoxic spillage kit and PPE	5		5	2	Various responses for 2022
					To obtain the highest scores (5)
					for this item all responding
					nurses should have reported
					that cytotoxic spillage kit and
					PPE are available at all
					workplaces.
Formal training before administering cytotoxic	5		0	2	Various responses for 2022
drugs					To obtain the highest score (5)
					for this item, formal education
					should have been reported by all
					responding nurses to be
					obligatory before managing
					cytotoxic drugs at all workplaces.
Nurses not preparing cytotoxic drugs	5		1	4	
WORKING CONDITIONS AND THE IMPACT ON	20	14 (9-17)	15	14	
CANCER CARE (4 items presented below)					
Level of adherence to European Working Time	5		5	4	
Directive (EWTD)					
Risk of negative consequences if asking for	5		0	2	Various responses for 2022
alternative duties pregnancy/breast feeding					Various responses for 2022
To what extent hospital beds are closed due to	5		5	4	
cancer nursing shortages					
To what extent cancer treatments were delayed	5		5	4	
	5		, o		
due to cancer nursing RECOGNITION (4 items presented below)	10	10 (0.15)		11	
	18	10 (0-15)	7	11	
Does the country have a cancer nursing society?	5		5	5	
Does the country have a national cancer plan that	3		0		
includes nursing care?					
Does your workplace/center have Board positions	5		0		
dedicated for cancer nursing?					
To what extent is nurse-led cancer care	5		2	2	
implemented in your workplace/center?					
WORK FORCE STATISTICS (1 item)	3	1 (0-3)	0		
Number of practicing nurses/1000 citizens	3		0	0	
			0	0	

Strengths and recommendations for improvements

Overall, Spain total score was 48. Other country with the same score was Georgia and countries with similar total score were Switzerland (total score 52) and Slovenia (total score 45). Spain could improve their scores in all five dimensions for the next revision of the Index.

Education and Career Development could be improved if Spain had specialist education on university level and EONS Cancer Nursing Framework was reported to be recognised and supported on national level. Scores for Patient and Occupational Safety could improve if guidelines during pregnancy, formal training, and exposure testing were reported to be implemented at all workplaces. Total score for Spain could be higher if all responding nurses reported that pregnant and breastfeeding nurses are assigned to alternative duties that don't involve direct contact with hazardous drugs, and that nurses don't face negative consequences if asking for those duties.

Scores for Recognition improved, since Spanish national cancer plan was reported to include nursing care and cancer nurses are gradually invited to decision-making bodies in cancer centers. Nurse-led cancer care was reported to be planned for implementation.

Finally, Spain has lower number of practicing nurses compared with most countries in the Index. Despite this, cancer nurses in Spain report that hospital beds rarely close or that cancer treatments rarely are delayed due to nursing shortage.

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